



Mule Barn Farms

Regenerative Agriculture Gardening

2018 Summer Research Project

Austin Livingston

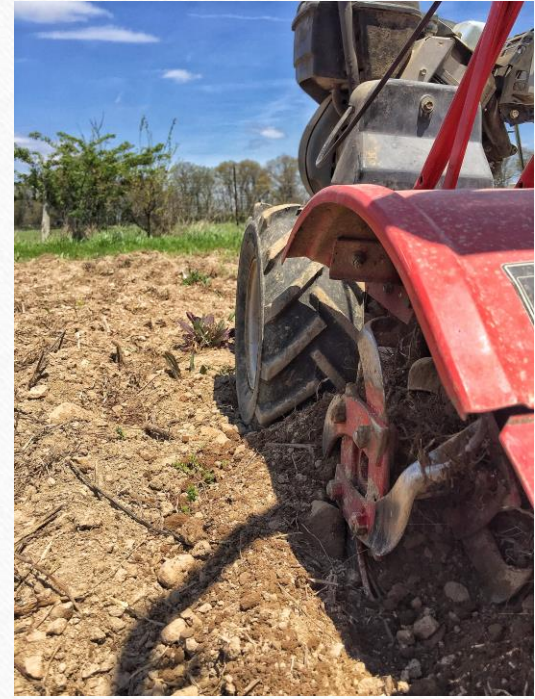
Purpose

- Explore production levels of various gardening techniques
- Test a regenerative agriculture model on garden crops
- Improve soil health and grow high-quality produce
- Improve pollinator habitat

Premise of Experiment

- **Plot 1:** Conventional tillage with added irrigation, planted May 1.
- **Plot 2:** Ground tilled and burned Spring of 2017 resulting in very little soil coverage through the winter. One application of a 2.5% glyphosate mixture was sprayed weeks before planting and planted no-till with a cordless drill on May 8. **No irrigation was used.**
- **Plot 3:** Ground was a hay field consisting of fescue, orchard grass, and weeds. Two applications of a 2.5% glyphosate mixture was sprayed weeks before planting and planted with a cordless drill on May 22. **No irrigation was used.**

Plot 1 (Tilled) Planting



Plot 2 (Previously Tilled and Burned) Planting



Plot 3 (Hay Field No-Till) Planting



Plot Comparison



Plot 1



Plot 2



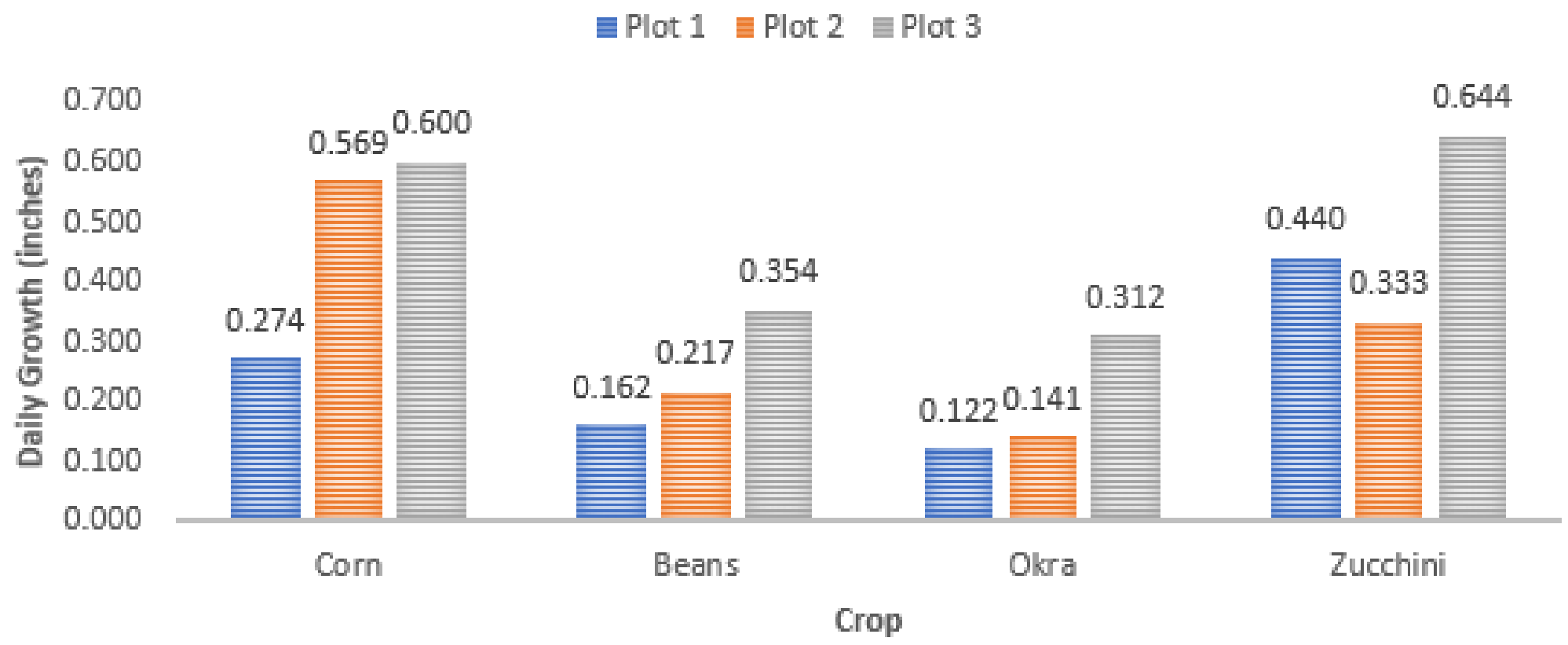
Plot 3

Planting for Pollinators

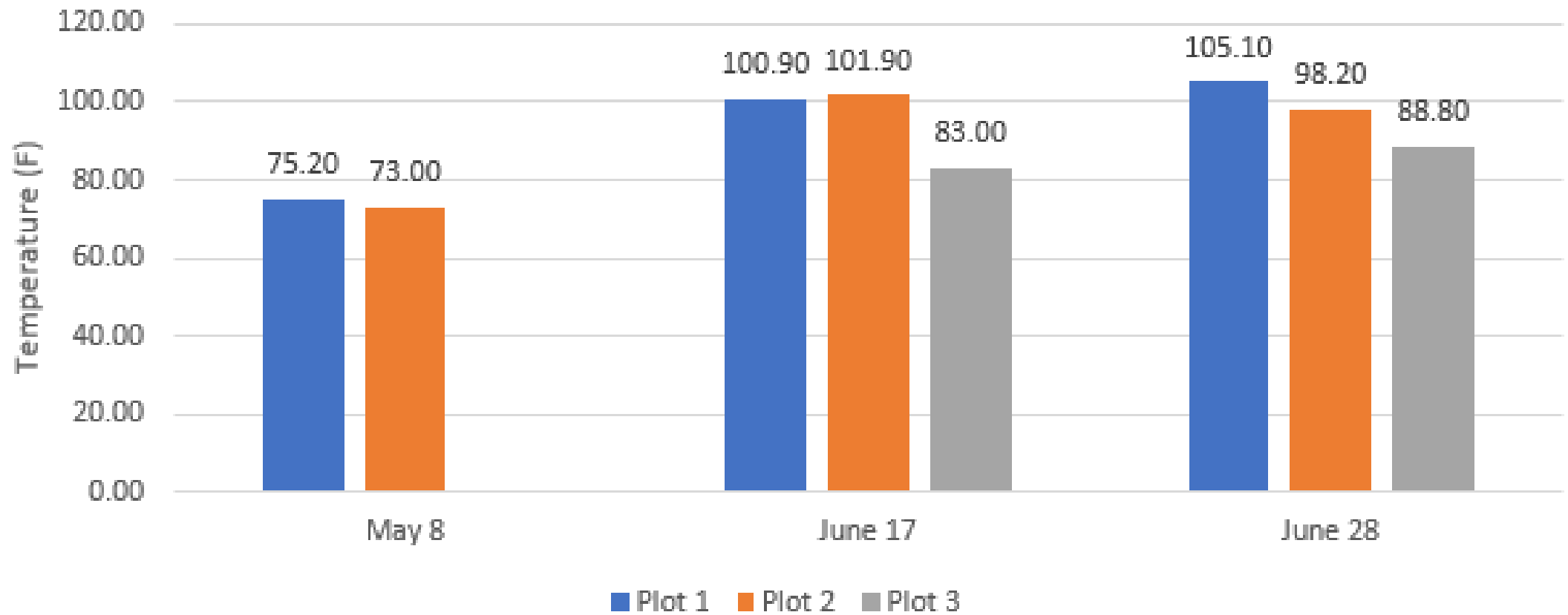
To attract pollinators,
we planted sunflowers
and buckwheat in plots
2 and 3



AVERAGE GROWTH RATES



Soil Temperature



Conclusions

- All plots received less than 1.5 inches of rainfall from June-July. Plot 1 was the only plot that received additional water.
- Plot 2 was viewed as a failure due to weed overgrowth and a lack of moisture, mainly due to minimal soil coverage.
- Plot 3 shows the importance of keeping the soil covered and planting a diverse polyculture of seeds so that they can work together for nutrients and moisture conservation.





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